

The Taktika Of Leo Vi

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The Taktika Of Leo Vi

The Tactica (Greek: Τακτικά) is a military treatise written by or on behalf of Byzantine Emperor Leo VI the Wise in c. 895–908 and later edited by his son, Constantine VII. Drawing on earlier authors such as Aelian , Onasander and the Strategikon of emperor Maurice , [2] it is one of the major works on Byzantine military tactics, written on the eve of Byzantium's "age of reconquest".

Tactica of Emperor Leo VI the Wise - Wikipedia

First published in 2010, and now available in this updated, revised paper edition, this is the first modern critical edition of the complete text of Byzantine emperor Leo VI's military treatise, The Taktika. The volume includes a facing English translation and explanatory notes by George T. Dennis, as well as extensive indexes.

The Taktika of Leo VI — Leo VI, George T. Dennis | Harvard ...

The Taktika of Leo VI. Leo VI, George T. Dennis. Although he probably never set foot on a battlefield, the Byzantine emperor Leo VI (886–912) had a lively interest in military matters. Successor to Caesar Augustus, Constantine, and Justinian, he was expected to be victorious in war and to subject barbarian peoples to Rome, so he set out to acquire ...

The Taktika of Leo VI — Dumbarton Oaks

Leo VI, Taktika. Before A.D. 900, one finds strikingly little treatment in Greek literature of the Arabs as a fighting force, and no substantial contributions to the corpus of military treatises. Matters change with the Taktika attributed to the emperor Leo VI (886-912). Leo's Taktika updates and expands Maurice's Strategikon.

Leo VI, Taktika - Paul Stephenson

Leo must have compiled the Taktika during his reign as emperor, for he refers to his father, Basil I, as deceased. As with any work attributed to an emperor, it is not clear how much was written by Leo himself (although there are some very personal remarks) and how much by his secretaries or research assistants.

Tactica of Emperor Leo VI the Wise | Manuscript ...

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Tactica of Emperor Leo VI the Wise | Military Wiki | Fandom

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The Taktika of Leo VI by Leo VI - Goodreads

The Tactica (Greek: Τακτικά) is a military treatise written by or on behalf of Byzantine Emperor Leo VI the Wise in c. 895–908 and later edited by his son, Constantine VII. Drawing on earlier authors such as Aelian , Onasander and the Strategikon of emperor Maurice , [3] it is one of the major works on Byzantine military tactics, written on the eve of Byzantium's "age of reconquest".

Tactica of Emperor Leo VI the Wise | Project Gutenberg ...

The Taktika emphasizes the importance of holding out a reserve, and the use of a "wedge" formation for armored shock cavalry. Leo also stresses the criticality of morale and psychology, including the role of religion; for example he notes that it may be advisable before battle for the commander to spread the rumor that he has had a dream in which angels or saints promised his army victory.

Military Book Review The Taktika of Leo VI

The military manual written around 905 by Emperor Leo VI (886-912), known as the Tactical Constitutions, or Taktika, is the earliest of a number of military treatises extant from tenth-century Byzantium.

The Taktika of Leo VI. Dumbarton Oaks Texts 12 - Bryn Mawr ...

The Taktika, ascribed to the hand of the Byzantine emperor Leo VI “the Wise” (886–912), is perhaps one of the best-known middle Byzantine texts of an official or semi-official genre.Presented in the form of a book of guidance for provincial generals, it served as both a statement of imperial authority and power, as well as a reminder of earlier “good practice” and the centrality of ...

A Critical Commentary on The Taktika of Leo VI ...

The Tactical Constitutions, or Taktika, were the result. First published by Dumbarton Oaks in 2010 as part of the Corpus Fontium Historiae Byzantinae series, and now available in this updated, revised paper edition, this is the first modern critical edition of the complete text of the Taktika , including a facing English translation, explanatory notes, and extensive indexes.

Amazon.com: The Taktika of Leo VI: Revised Edition ...

Leo alludes to recent campaigns in the east, in the Balkans and in southern Italy (11.21–2, 15.32, 17.65, 18.134), which enables Haldon (pp. 59–62) to date the production of the Taktika to the last decade, possibly the

last five years of his reign (886–912).

Critical Commentary on the Taktika of Leo VI, by John ...

The Taktika of Leo VI (Dumbarton Oaks Texts) Hardcover – October 15, 2010. "A sure-footed ode to the strength of family, the depth of loss, and the power of forgiveness." - J. Ryan Stradal [Learn more](#).

The Taktika of Leo VI (Dumbarton Oaks Texts): Leo VI ...

The military manual written around 905 by Emperor Leo VI (886-912), known as the Tactical Constitutions, or Taktika, is the earliest of a number of military treatises extant from tenth-century Byzantium.

A review of the Taktika of Leo VI - Karwansaray Publishers ...

The Taktika of Leo VI. Full Translation Title: The Taktika of Leo VI. Uniform Title: Tactica. Original Author: Leo VI, Emperor of the East, 866-912. Translator: Dennis, George T. Series/Journal: Corpus fontium historiae Byzantinae 49. Dumbarton Oaks texts 12. Place of Publication:

The Taktika of Leo VI | Modern Language Translations of ...

Here we present selected parts of the very interesting paper titled “The Taktika of Leo VI and the Byzantine Eastern Frontier During the Ninth and Tenth Centuries”, by Kosuke Nakada. “The Byzantine military treatise known as the Taktika of Leo VI the Wise (r. 886–912) has a peculiar character. Written by one of the most scholarly emperors, the majority of the work’s contents are ...

Roman Emperor Leo VI’s perspective on the eastern frontier ...

The term Tactica or Taktika (Greek: Τακτικά) can refer to: . Two Byzantine military treatises on tactics and strategy: . the Tactica of Emperor Leo VI the Wise, written in the early 10th century and attributed to the emperor Leo VI the Wise; the Tactica of Nikephoros Ouranos, written in the early 11th century by Nikephoros Ouranos, a Byzantine general

Tactica - Wikipedia

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The Taktika of Leo VI Book Reviews - Strategypage

Leo VI, George T. Dennis Although he probably never set foot on a battlefield, the Byzantine emperor Leo VI (886–912) had a lively interest in military matters. Successor to Caesar Augustus, Constantine, and Justinian, he was expected to be victorious in war and to subject barbarian peoples to Rome, so he set out to acquire a solid knowledge of military equipment and practice.

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